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## Troubleshooting and FAQ

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Manual Summary

This manual makes the assumption that you have installed the most current version of the DataLink PC software and IQ3 firmware. IQ3 firmware and DataLink updates can be found at http://www.racepak.com/IQ3Dash/downloads.htm. As of this writing, the most current DataLink version is 3.1.0.

To compliment the overall simplicity of the IQ3 Data Logger Dash, we have created a User Manual that is equally simple in usage. The following provides a quick view of the manual layout:

1. IQ3 Features
   a. Dash
   b. Data Logger
2. Installation
   a. Dash
   b. Software
3. Programming The Display
4. Adding Sensors
5. Initial Run Data and Software Usage

Given the variety of motorsports in which the IQ3 Logger Dash is utilized, we have also noted features specific to a given motorsport within the above sections. This will allow our customers to quickly reference features that are most relevant to their type of racing.

Items Included With the IQ3 Data Logger Dash PN 250-DS-IQ3LD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IQ3 Data Logger Dash</td>
<td>UNIT-DS-IQ3LD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>512MB microSD Flash Card</td>
<td>CARD-MEM-M512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD Flash Card Reader</td>
<td>890-SD-RDR 8-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial Communication Cable</td>
<td>280-CA-ST140SR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Position Wire Harness</td>
<td>280-CA-HARNIQ3L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPS Antenna and Cable</td>
<td>ANTG-ANN-05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataLink Software</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Manual</td>
<td>MANL-IQ3LD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**IQ3 Features**

The IQ3 Logger Dash is a full programmable LCD digital display dash that is equipped with a 32 channel data logger, 3 axis G meter, 512MB microSD card and GPS board all contained inside the dash housing. This design eliminates the necessity of an external data logger, G meters or external GPS module.

The IQ3 is a multi-purpose product designed for use in road racing, circle track, driving schools, pulling, boating, off road, hill climb or any other type of motorsports that can benefit from the use of GPS data to obtain speed, timing and mapping functions, without the necessity of wheel speed sensors, beacon receivers or transmitters.

**Display Dash**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>28 programmable items on 4 pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programmable sequential shift lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 programmable warning lights with on-screen text warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 character programmable alpha/numeric text per display channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear mounted Power/Ground/Engine RPM/Programming Button input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear mounted GPS antenna connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear mounted Vnet sensor connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shielded, anti-glare coated display for sunlight viewing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metric and English capable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue backlight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear indicator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Data Logger**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>512MB microSD memory card</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>32 Vnet (canbus) sensor inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 axis G meter – Inline / Lateral / Vertical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 HZ GPS Board</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Base IQ3 Downloaded Data**

| Battery Voltage / Accel G / Lateral G / Vertical G / Engine RPM |
| Track Mapping / Speed / Lap Time / Lap Number |
| Full data analysis capabilities |
**External Sensors**

The IQ3 Logger Dash utilizes Racepak’s Vnet (canbus) sensor input. This design provides the ability to transmit all sensor data through a single cable. This cable is connected to the 5 pin Vnet port on the rear of the dash. No sensor wiring harness is required.

To add sensors, the customer simply measures from the IQ3 dash to the mounting location of the sensor or sensors, and orders the appropriate length pre-terminated Vnet extension cable. Vnet cables are available in 12" increments and are equipped with a male connector on one end and a female connector on the opposite end. In the event sensors are mounted in multiple location throughout the vehicle, simple measure between each sensor location and order the necessary Vnet extension cables to connect all items to the main Vnet cable routed to the rear of the dash.

Any Vnet sensor currently offered by Racepak may be utilized by the IQ3 Logger Dash. For a complete listing of available sensors, visit our website located at [www.racepak.com](http://www.racepak.com) or contact the Racepak customer service department at 949-709-5555 for a catalog. Customer supplied sensors may also be utilized. Racepak’s USM module (PN: 230-VM-USM) is a four sensor input module, providing the ability to define each sensor input dependant sensor type.
Multiple Motorsports Usage

Road Racing / Circle Track Features

<table>
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<th>Feature</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lap Time and Lap Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predictive Lap Time</td>
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<tr>
<td>Accel G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lateral G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPS Speed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When utilized in closed course racing (circle track, road racing, boating) the data logger obtains GPS data to provide speed and lap time information to the driver. Track mapping with segment (split) times are derived from GPS and accelerometer data and is available upon downloading to the user’s PC, in addition to data provided by external sensors connected to the data logger.

Boat Racing Features (requiring lap time and mapping data)

While boat racing utilizes the same above features, Racepak has added additional features specifically for the boat competitor:

1. Prop Slip: Allows display of Prop Slip on dash. Requires input of prop diameter, prop pitch and final gear ratio, along with a tachometer signal input.
2. User Defined Start / Finish Distance: Dash lap time data is available to the driver upon marking of the start / finish location while on the course. By providing the ability to define the distance this GPS point "looks" across the course, lap time data will be available regardless of the varying width the boat takes as it passes the start finish location.

Pulling Features

When utilized for motorsports that do not require timing and track mapping information (such as pulling) the IQ3 functions as a standard 32 channel data logger, but with the unique ability to provide an accurate method of obtaining ground speed without the use of vehicle mounted sensors.
## Technical Specifications

| Total Sensor Channels - Defined Below | 38
| Vnet Data Channels                  | 32
| Internal Channels as defined below  | 7
| IQ3 Internal Temperature/IQ3 Logger Voltage / Engine RPM / Accel G / Lateral G / Vertical G / GPS |  |

### Accelerometer Specifications

| Sample Rate                  | 100HZ - 3 Axis |
| Accuracy                    | 1% (excluding vibration affect) |
| Minimum / Maximum Values    | +5 / -5 |

### GPS Information

| GPS logging rate            | 4 Hz with 100HZ inertial assistance |
| Channels                    | 16 |
| Antenna                     | High Gain / Active |
| Accuracy                    | 2.5 Meters |
| Cold start / Hot start satellite sync time | 34 seconds cold / less than 3.5 seconds hot |

### Memory

| Maximum micro SD Card Size  | 512MB microSD Flash - Included |
|                            | 2GB Maximum |

### Data Writing Rate

| 17Kb / sec |

### Resolution (ADC)

| Data Logger | 10 bit |

### Processor Speed

| 20MHz |

### Sample (Logging) Rates of Data Channels

| IQ3 Internal Channels | 100 Hz Maximum, user adjustable to 1 Hz |
| Vnet Channels         | 100 Hz Maximum, user adjustable to 1 Hz |

### Power & Current

| Input Voltage              | 10-16V |
| Current Draw               | 350mA - Without warning and shift LED's active |
| Reverse Voltage Protection | Yes |

### Operating Temperature

| 32 - 140F / 0-60C |

### Mounting Orientation

| Level left & right / Level top & bottom |
| Rear of dash facing direction of travel |

### Engine RPM Input

| 50% duty cycle, 5-18V square wave signal |

### Start Logging Channel (factory default)

| GPS Speed (25 MPH) |
**IQ3 Logger Dash Functions**
The IQ3 Logger Dash is the main component of the data system, as it contains the data logger, 512MB memory card, GPS board and G meters.

**IQ3 Logger Dash Configuration File**
The Configuration File contains the programming settings for both the dash and any internal and external sensors utilized by the IQ3 Logger Dash. Any additional sensors that were not shipped with the IQ3 Logger Dash will require updating the Configuration file.

**Logging Start and Stop**
Any active channel may be used to start logging. From the factory, the IQ3 is programmed to start logging at 25 GPS MPH (40 KPH) and stops logging when no speed is detected for at least 30 seconds. A data file is written each time the vehicle exceeds the start logging speed following at least 30 seconds of no speed, and is numbered in subsequent order (1,2,3,etc). The start logging channel may be changed to any valid sensor channel, by the user.

**Download Data**
Data is stored on a 5128MB microSD flash card supplied with the IQ3, and is downloaded via a customer supplied microSD flash card reader to the user’s PC utilizing the DataLink software.

**DataLink Software**
The DataLink software is used to both set up (configure) the IQ3 data logger and provide the ability to download and analyze data. Data stored on the microSD flash card is downloaded and converted into a format (.rpk) that is recognized by the DataLink software. This .rpk file is then saved to the user’s PC, for analysis.

**PC Minimum Requirements**
Windows® 98 / ME / 2000 / XP or Vista operating system / 200MHZ (Pentium II) processor
200MB of available hard drive / 16MB of RAM  CD ROM drive
Serial port or USB to serial adapter / 1024 x 768 or higher monitor resolution
Terminology

In order to assist in the installation and usage of the IQ3, the following provides an outline of the most commonly used words that will be encountered in this manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analog</td>
<td>Data created by the reading of a voltage change sent from a sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibrate</td>
<td>The process of assigning values to sensor voltage output, in order to graph and analyze the sensor data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canbus</td>
<td>The specific name of the technology utilized to create the Vnet sensor system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel</td>
<td>The input from one sensor, as defined by the data logger.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Logger</td>
<td>See Data Recorder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Recorder</td>
<td>The vehicle mounted hardware device that collects and stores data transmitted from the sensors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>A sensor or signal that has only two values, off or on such as the measuring of ignition pulses to calculate Engine RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Download</td>
<td>The process of transferring data saved on the data logger memory card to the user's PC using the DataLink software, in order to graph and analyze data. Memory card data must be downloaded through the DataLink software and cannot be open directly from the memory card.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filter</td>
<td>The process of smoothing the visual appearance of a graphed data channel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graph</td>
<td>A visual representation of sensor data, compared to time or distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HZ</td>
<td>Number of times per second. Used to define logging or sample rate. Example: 4Hz represents data that is saved 4 times (every .250) per second.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KB</td>
<td>Abbreviation for kilobyte, which represents one thousand bytes of information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logger</td>
<td>See Data Recorder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logging Rate</td>
<td>The number of times per second, which the data logger records incoming data from a sensor and is defined as Hertz, or Hz. Each sensors logging rate may be define by the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math Channel</td>
<td>A data channel created from the input of an actual sensor which is then used in a mathematical formula to create a channel available for graphical analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MB</td>
<td>Abbreviation for megabyte, which represents one million bytes of information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay</td>
<td>The ability to graph multiple data channels, all at the same time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Runfile</td>
<td>The file created when a run is transferred from the data logger memory card to the user's PC. Configuration File</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Rate</td>
<td>See Logging Rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>microSD Memory Card</td>
<td>Micro Secure Digital compact flash memory card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor</td>
<td>A device that converts a physical property, such as pressure into a voltage signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smooth</td>
<td>See Filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start Logging Channel</td>
<td>The channel that is used to start the logging process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trace</td>
<td>This term is another method used to describe Graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transducer</td>
<td>See Sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vnet Channel</td>
<td>Any sensor that is connected to the Vnet port of the data logger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vnet</td>
<td>Racepak exclusive that allows multiple sensors (analog or digital) to transmit their data over a single cable, back to the data logger.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Hardware Features

**External Dimensions**

![Diagram of IQ3 Data Logger Dash showing external dimensions with measurements: 7.3" (18.6cm) width, 4.1" (10.5cm) height, 2.1" (5.3cm) thickness, and 1" (2.54cm) thickness.]

**External Features – Front**

- **microSD Memory Card Slot**
- **Shift Lights**
- **Warning Lights 1 & 2**
- **Warning Lights 3 & 4**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>microSD Memory Card Slot</td>
<td>Insertion location for microSD memory card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shift Lights</td>
<td>Fully programmable sequential shift lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Lights 1 &amp; 2</td>
<td>Fully programmable warning lights for Inputs 1 &amp; 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Lights 3 &amp; 4</td>
<td>Fully programmable warning lights for Inputs 3 &amp; 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
External Features – Rear

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GPS Antenna Connector</td>
<td>Provides connection for external GPS antenna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vnet Connector</td>
<td>Provides input for external sensor(s) Vnet cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deutsch 8 Pin Connector</td>
<td>Provides input for power / ground/ engine rpm / programming buttons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial Cable Connector</td>
<td>Provides input for serial cable supplied with package</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting Studs &amp; Nuts</td>
<td>Three #10 studs and 10-32 nuts facilitate mounting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mounting Template – Full Size
Installation

The design of the IQ3 greatly simplifies the installation process, as there is no external data logger or related components necessary. However, there are basic guidelines that must be followed, in order to insure correct operation of the product.

Mounting Location
The IQ3 is designed to be utilized in a race vehicle environment and as designed as such. However, there are external conditions that can influence the operation and longevity of the product.

Heat
Avoid excessive heat, such as generated from exhaust systems, transmissions, etc.

Electrical Interference
Avoid electrical interference. Race vehicles generate electrical interference from a variety of locations such as ignitions, alternators, ECU, spark plugs, coils and radio/telemetry antennas. This interference can affect the data generated by any or all of the sensors.

Moisture
Avoid excessive moisture. The logger is designed to be water resistant but not waterproof. If washing the vehicle, cover before washing. Wipe any remaining moisture off of the IQ3, when finished. Protect the microSD card slot from moisture.

Easy Access
Do not mount the IQ3 in a location that makes it difficult to access the memory card or any connectors.

Movement
It is important to insure the IQ3 cannot become dislodged during use. Three #10 studs are provided in order to provide secure mounting.
Mounting Orientation of IQ3 – When Used For Track Mapping Purposes

The IQ3 contains inline, lateral and vertical accelerometers that perform two functions. First is for graphical analysis of G data. The second is to work in conjunction with the GPS data to provide track mapping information. The logger must be mounted in the direction shown below as the orientation of the G meters cannot be re-defined in the software, if mounting in any other direction.

![Diagram of Mounting Orientation](image)

- The IQ3 should be mounted as level as possible left and right, top to bottom and perpendicular to travel. The dash can be tilted top to bottom up to 45 degrees, as the G meters can compensated and reset to zero.

Accelerometer Calibration

Upon mounting of the dash, it will be necessary to compensate and "zero" the G meters, to correct for vertical dash tilt. Please refer to the section Setup Mode 2 of this manual, for complete details. NOTE: Accelerometers cannot be re-oriented in the software, only compensated to correct for top / bottom tilt. Do not mount the dash rotated in relation to the travel of the vehicle.

Mounting Orientation of IQ3 – For GPS Speed with No Track Mapping

In certain motorsports, such as pulling, the IQ3 mounting orientation may vary as needed per the vehicle. Be aware this will skew G meter data.

Mounting Method

Three #10 studs, washers and nuts are supplied with the IQ3, to be utilized for mounting. If desired, the studs can be unscrewed from the threaded inserts located in the dash housing.
**Power Supply and Grounding**

The IQ3 should be connected to a battery source that can supply a constant 10-16 volts. In vehicles that utilize a master power switch, it recommended to connect to the master power switch. This not only insures the IQ3 will be powered when the vehicle is in use, it also insures power will be disconnected in the event of an emergency.

A good ground is very important to the function of the IQ3. Insure there is no type of paint, rust or any other type of material that could prevent proper grounding. Boats often present unique grounding problems. If necessary, provide an isolated power and ground as faulty grounds will create corrupt data.

*Warning: Do not attempt to connect or disconnect any IQ3 item, with the power switched on. This action could result in damage to the IQ3.*

**Engine RPM Signal**

Requirements: 5-18V, 50% duty cycle, square wave output. This signal is typically obtained from the tach signal output of an aftermarket ignition box. Racepak also offers a GMR Inductive RPM Pickup (Racepak PN: 680-SN-GMR) which is attached to the +12V coil power on coilpak or coil on plug ignition systems. For early model points/distributor ignition systems, MSD offers a tach signal generator, PN 8913 that can be spliced into the 12V power to the coil.

*Warning: Do not connect the tach input wire directly to any part of the ignition coil. Doing so will result in damage to the logger.*

**MicroSD Memory Card**

The IQ3 is equipped with a 512MB microSD memory card. This card is located in the face of the IQ3, between the shift lights. The card may be removed by simply pressing on the card, which will slightly eject the card from the dash face. When inserting the card, insure it firmly “clicks” into place. The edge of the card should slightly protrude from the dash face, when seated. A larger memory card, up to 2GB, may be utilized.
**Power/RPM/Programming Button Connector and Wiring**

The rear of the IQ3 contains an 8 position Deutsch connector. This connector provides the power and ground inputs, in addition to engine RPM, optional external program button inputs and external warning light output. The IQ3 is provided with the appropriate 8 position mating connector and wiring.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Number</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Wire Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Button 1</td>
<td>BLUE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>IQ3 Power</td>
<td>RED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Button 2</td>
<td>WHITE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Button Ground</td>
<td>BLACK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Do Not Use</td>
<td>NOT USED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Tach</td>
<td>YELLOW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>IQ3 Ground</td>
<td>BLACK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>External Warning</td>
<td>ORANGE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**External Programming Button and Warning Light Wiring Diagram**

- **BUTTON WIRING DIAGRAM**
  - PUSH BUTTON SWITCH
  - to IQ3 connector
  - chassis ground or IQ3 pin 4

- **EXTERNAL WARNING WIRING DIAGRAM**
  - WARNING LIGHT
  - to IQ3 connector pin 8
  - to 12v vehicle power
GPS Antenna Mounting

The GPS antenna is a moisture resistant, magnetic based type, designed to be mounted on the exterior roof of the vehicle. If no roof exists or the vehicle is of a composite type, insure the antenna is mounted in clear view of the sky, with no obstructions. The antenna must be mounted at the highest point of the vehicle and level front / rear and left / right. Insure the GPS antenna cable will reach the data logger, before final mounting of the antenna.

GPS antenna mounting for stock bodied vehicles
The GPS antenna is provided with a magnetic mounting base and should always be mounted on the roof of the vehicle, centered within the roof area. Insure the antenna is as level as possible, left to right and front to rear. In the event of a vehicle with a composite roof, Velcro can be utilized. Place a strip of masking tape on the roof of the vehicle. A small piece of Velcro on the antenna and the tape will be sufficient to hold the antenna in place. We understand the value of high performance vehicles and the fact some users will be hesitant to place any type of tape on the surface of their vehicle. In that is the situation, determine the mounting method you are most comfortable with, but will locate the antenna on the roof area.

GPS antenna mounting for open wheel vehicles
By following the above instructions, simply insure the antenna is mounted as high as possible on the vehicle. Various body panels can possible block satellite signals. Insure telemetry or two way radio antennas will not provide interference to the antenna.

Again, the GPS antenna will function well, in a variety of roof mounted locations. The above guidelines will insure the most efficient reception of signals. The antenna has been roof mounted and tested at speeds over 190 mph, so feel free to go at least that fast.

Connection of the GPS antenna to the IQ3
Upon completion of mounting of the antenna, simply route the cable to the rear of the IQ3 and connect to the GPS antenna port of the data logger. Insure the cable end is screwed tightly to the GPS connector. A small wrench can be used to slightly SNUG the connector. Excessive force can damage the connector, resulting in failure of GPS signal reception.
Programming the Display by External Buttons

External Programming Buttons

A variety of IQ3 display functions can be controlled, displayed or programmed through use of two external programming buttons known as Button 1 and Button 2. This enables the driver to make immediate changes, without the necessity of connecting a PC to the dash. Instead of mounting the programming buttons in the dash, Racepak provided the ability to remote mount the two programming buttons, for better driver access.

Racepak offers a Programming Button Package PN: 280-SW-IQ3 or the customer may provide their own momentary contact button. If buttons other than Racepak are utilized, insure they are normal open momentary switches and they are capable of withstanding the environment in which they will be utilized. The buttons are connected to the 8 pin Deutsch connector located on the rear of the IQ3. Refer to the Power/RPM Connector and Wiring section of this manual for pin out instructions.

Many of the programming functions found in the following section may also be performed through us of the DataLink software and users PC. Those instructions can be found in the section Programming Utilizing the DataLink Software.

Factory Default Display Settings

From the factory, Page 1 of the IQ3 is programmed to display the following items. The remaining three display pages are not programmed from the factory, which allows for customized programming by the customer.

Note: The center position will display the number of satellites locked in when the vehicle speed is below 5 MPH/KPH.

Programming Utilizing the DataLink Software

Many of the programming functions found in the following section may also be performed through us of the DataLink software and users PC. Those instructions are explained in this manual.
**Programming Modes**

Programming functions of the IQ3 are accessed by using Button 1 and Button 2. Button 1 is considered Left Button and Button 2 is considered Right Button. It is recommended the two programming buttons be mounted as Left and Right, in relation to the driver’s position viewing the dash. There are two programming modes available.

**Setup Mode 1 (Stationary):** Utilized to program items such as screen brightness or pulses per revolution (tach programming).

**Setup Mode 2 (Moving):** Utilized to program the system while the vehicle is moving and or the engine is running. This is necessary as several settings utilize actual data taken from speed or rpm, in order to program.

**Button Functions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button Type</th>
<th>Setup Mode 1</th>
<th>Setup Mode 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Button 1 (left button) | Enters Programming  
                     | Adjusts Settings                    | Advances To Next Page  
                     | Saves Changes and Exits             |
| Button 2 (right button) | Advances To Next Page  
                     | Saves Changes and Exits             | Enters Programming  
                     | Adjusts Settings                    |

As can be seen above, the buttons perform the opposite functions depending on the mode. Since the IQ3 only utilizes two buttons, it was necessary to allow multiple uses for each button. The length of time the button is held down determines the programming action taken. The shift lights are used to indicate the action taken with each button.

The following instructions will refer to short, medium and long button press lengths. This is the length of time the button is held down and the corresponding shift light blink.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Button Press</th>
<th>Length of Time</th>
<th>Shift Light Flash</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short Press</td>
<td>.2 Second</td>
<td>One Flash Of Shift Lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Press</td>
<td>.5 Second</td>
<td>Two Flash Of Shift Lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Press</td>
<td>2 Seconds</td>
<td>Three Flash Of Shift Lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Repeating Long Press</td>
<td>3 Seconds</td>
<td>Repeats Every .2 Seconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The point at which the button is released determines the type press that is accepted. Releasing after the second shift light flash is detected as a medium length press.

The programming functions are arranged in a pre-defined order. This allows the customer to enter the programming mode, and then toggle through to the desired feature, by using the left or right button, depending on the mode.
**Setup Mode 1 (stationary programming)**

Setup Mode 1 is used to program the unit without the need to operate the vehicle.

**Entering Setup 1**

1. Press and hold Button 1 (left button) for TWO shift light blinks – MEDIUM press
2. The Dash will display **SETUP 1?**
3. Confirm by pressing Button 1 for ONE shift light blink – SHORT press

The following are in the order in which the individual programming features will appear.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting as Displayed on Dash</th>
<th>Program Setting Description</th>
<th>Programming Command</th>
<th>Accept and Advance</th>
<th>Accept and Exit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BACKLIGHT</td>
<td>0 = Off</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 to increase value</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9 = Max Brightness</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TACH PULSES</td>
<td>Number of pulses ignition fires per revolution V8=4 4 Cyl=2 0=Min 20=Max</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 to increase value</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHIFT STEP</td>
<td>Programs RPM between each shift light. Example: If shift point is 5000 rpm with a 100 step, first shift light illuminates at 4600 RPM, Multiply your Step setting by 4 and subtract from Shift Point to determine start of shift light</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances by 10 Medium Press Button 2 Decreases by 10 Long Press Button 2 Quickly advances</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHIFT GEAR X X=Gear number</td>
<td>Program shift point for each gear.</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances by 10 Medium Press Button 2 Decreases by 50 Long Press Button 2 Quickly advances</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting as Displayed on Dash</td>
<td>Program Setting Description</td>
<td>Programming Command</td>
<td>Accept and Advance</td>
<td>Accept and Exit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEAR RATIO X X=Gear Number</td>
<td>Ratio between engine RPM and GPS speed (not final drive ratio) Requires tach signal Recommend programming in Setup Mode 2</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances by .1 Medium Press Button 2 Decreases by 5 Long Press Button 2 Quickly advances</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIME ZONE GMT</td>
<td>Sets data and time stamp on run file, based on customer location time zone in relation to GMT. East coast standard time USA = -5 GMT</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Increases by 1 Medium Press Button 2 Decreases by 1</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPEED UNITS</td>
<td>Defines Speed in MPH or KMH for dash display purposes</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Toggles MPH and KPH</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S/F DETECT 10/20/40/80/160/320</td>
<td>Distance in meters, in which the start/finish point is projected perpendicular to vehicle. Typical utilized by boat racers.</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT DISPLAY</td>
<td>Default page on power up. If all positions are disabled, that page will not be displayed. 1 = Min 4 = Max</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ODOMETER</td>
<td>Odometer value</td>
<td>Short Press Button 2 Advances by 10 Medium Press Button 2 Decreases by 1000 Long Press Button 2</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1 Save and exit Setup Mode 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 2 Save and exit Setup Mode 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Setup Mode 2 (moving programming)

Setup Mode 2 allows the user to utilize inputs from the moving vehicle, in order to automate the programming process.

The following are in the order in which the individual programming features will appear.

Entering Setup 2
1. Press and hold Button 2 (right button) for TWO shift light blinks – MEDIUM press
2. The Dash will display SETUP 2?
3. Confirm by pressing Button 2 for ONE shift light blink – SHORT press

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting as Displayed on Dash</th>
<th>Program Setting Description</th>
<th>Calibrate Setting</th>
<th>Accept and Advance</th>
<th>Accept and Exit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GEAR RATIO X</td>
<td>Calibrates gear ratio for Gear Indictor. 1. Insure tach input is functioning. The value -0.1 will display if no tach or speed. 2. Drive car in first gear 3. When speed and RPM are constant 4. Dash gear indicator will advance to next gear 5. Repeat process for remaining gears. Program any unused gears the same as your highest gear.</td>
<td>Long Press Button 2</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCEL CAL</td>
<td>Provides ability to compensate the forward and vertical accelerometers for top to bottom tilt.</td>
<td>Long Press Button 2</td>
<td>Short Press Button 1</td>
<td>Long Press Button 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: With the exception of the accelerometer calibration, SETUP Mode 2 programming requires the vehicle to be running and/or in motion. Care should be taken when driving the vehicle to insure safe operation. If possible, take a passenger along to operate the IQ3 and perform the calibration procedures.
Setting the Start/Finish Location

There are two methods you can use to set the start/finish location. The first method is to use the external programming buttons. The second method is to use the DataLink software to write the start/finish location to the microSD card. The second method is explained later in the manual. To set the set start/finish position using the external programming buttons perform the following:

1) Press and hold Button 1 for 3 LED flashes or until the text SET START/FINISH appears on the bottom of the display.
2) Drive the vehicle at a speed no less than 10 MPH towards the start/finish location.
3) Press and release Button 1 (1 LED flash) at the point you wish to set the start/finish.
4) The dash will respond YES if successful and NO if unsuccessful.

Reviewing Lap Times (Lap Time Replay Mode)

You can review your lap times from the previous session by entering in to Lap Time Replay Mode. To enter Lap Time Replay Mode enter a long button press (3 flashes) on button 2. The text “Lap Replay Mode” will display across the bottom of the display. While in Lap Time Replay Mode buttons 1 and 2 will perform the following functions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Button Press</th>
<th>Button 1</th>
<th>Button 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short Press – 1 flash</td>
<td>Decrement Lap Number</td>
<td>Increment Lap Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Press – 2 flashes</td>
<td>Jump to Best Lap</td>
<td>Exit Lap Time Replay Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Press – 3 flashes</td>
<td>Jump to First Lap</td>
<td>Jump to Last Lap</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DataLink II Software Installation

Data Download Path

The key to understanding the DataLink software utilized by the IQ3 is to understand the relationship between the downloaded data, the IQ3 Configuration file and the DataLink software.
**Downloaded Data:** Stored IQ3 data is downloaded to the user's PC by means of the IQ3 microSD memory card. Before the data can be opened into the DataLink software, it must first pass “through” the Configuration file.

**Configuration File:** The IQ3 Configuration file, contained within the DataLink program, is automatically loaded with the installation of the DataLink software. The Configuration file contains all the information necessary to convert the raw data saved on the memory card into a format that allows the file to be opened in the DataLink software.

The configuration file is a “template” for all downloaded data, containing channel names, calibration values and scaling values, along with programming features such as the start data logging channel, etc.

**DataLink Software:** The DataLink II software provides the ability to open and graph data contained in a runfile. The DataLink is software is generic in nature, in that it does not store information related to the data logger setup. Instead, the software contains settings relevant to the graphing of data and the user's PC setup.

**PC Requirements**

**PC Hardware Requirements**
- USB Port
- Serial Communications Port or USB to Serial Port Adapter
- CD/DVD drive
- 3 Button Mouse

⚠️ **Note:** The use of a mouse with a center button is highly recommended

If your PC does not have a CD drive please contact Racepak and request the optional DataLink II USB Flash Drive Installation Kit. This kit allows the DataLink II software and license disk to be installed directly through the computers USB port. The DataLink II software does not require a CD or Floppy Disk Drive for normal operation.

**Screen Resolution**
The DataLink II software requires a minimum screen resolution of 1024 x 768. We recommend the use of the largest and highest resolution monitor that meets your installation and budget requirements. If your PC is configured with dual monitor support, the DataLink II software has special features to take advantage of the capabilities. A flat panel (1280 x 1024 resolution) narrow outline monitor such as those manufactured by Dell and Fujitsu is optimum for high-end applications.
PC Software Requirements
The DataLink II software is compatible with Windows 98 Second Edition, ME, 2000, XP and Vista 32. If you have a Windows operating system other than those listed above please contact Racepak for additional installation assistance. DataLink is not compatible with Apple.

Software Installation

To install the DataLink II software on your PC, perform the following.

1. Turn on the computer and start Windows.
2. Insert the CD labeled Racepak DataLink II Software into the CD drive.
3. The RacePak DataLink II Setup program will automatically start, and the setup InstallShield Wizard will be displayed. Please note—If you have disabled auto run in your computer the installation wizard will not automatically start.
4. To manually start the installation program; Select My Computer from the computer desk top, select the CD drive by clicking on it and double click on Setup to start the installation program.
5. Read the instructions on the dialog boxes and answer any questions required.

We recommend you install the software in the default directories as indicated during the installation procedure. This will make it easier for our technicians to assist you at a later date should you have an application problem. If you install the software in a directory other than the default directory, please note the install directory, in order to assist our technicians should a problem arise.

The Install Wizard will automatically create a shortcut on the main desktop for the RacePak DataLink II program.

MicroSD Flash Card Reader Installation

Data recorded by the IQ3 is stored on a 512MB microSD memory card. In order to transfer the data to the user’s PC, it is necessary to utilize a microSD memory card reader. A microSD card reader is included in the IQ3 kit package. The reader requires you to use the provided microSD adaptor and an available USB port on your PC.

The microSD memory card reader provided with the IQ3 does not support Windows 95 or Windows 98 operating systems.
DataLink II Help Files

The DataLink II software includes a complete selection of help files, which can be accessed as shown below:

Main Menu or any open Dialog Box: To get help for any of the menu items simply highlight the menu item by placing the mouse cursor over the menu item. Next press the F1 key to display the help.

Icon Tool Bar: Select the ? button located at the bottom of the icon toolbar. The mouse cursor will change to a? Position the mouse cursor over toolbar icon for which help is desired and click the left mouse cursor. Help will be displayed.

DataLink Program Screens: Select the ? button located at the bottom of the icon toolbar. The mouse cursor will change to a? Position the mouse cursor over the section of the DataLink II screen for which help is desired and click the mouse button. Help will be displayed.

Runlog Pages: To get help on a run log page look for the blue icon with a question mark. Simply click on the button to display the help for the run log page.

Help from Main Menu: Click on the Help main menu selection and select the Help Topics menu selection. The Help Topics: DataLink II Applications Help will be displayed. Follow the instructions included with the help box to navigate thru the online help.

Demo Run Data for Various Motorsports

During the software installation, a series of demo runs and an IQ3 demo manual were automatically installed for the following types of motorsports:

1. IQ3 DemoRC
2. Boat Demo
3. Puller Demo

The IQ3 demo manual can be found by clicking Start->Programs->Racepak->Docs. Adobe Acrobat Reader is required to view this file. We strongly recommend reviewing the data before initial use of the IQ3. It is much easier to learn how to graph and review data in the comfort of your home as opposed to attempting to learn "on the fly" during a hot day at the race track.
Serial Com Port Settings

When adding Vnet sensors or programming advanced display functions of the IQ3 dash, it is necessary to connect the user’s PC to the IQ3 by means of the supplied Communication Cable. The DataLink software is set from the factory to communicate through COM1 (standard serial port com number). If your PC is using a different com port number, it will be necessary to match the DataLink and PC com port settings.

1. Open the DataLink II program. The connection to your PC is made through the 9 pin serial port, located at the back of the PC or via a USB to Serial Port adaptor.

2. Connect the supplied serial communication cable between your PC serial port or USB to Serial adaptor and the IQ3. Turn on the power to the IQ3.

3. Click Settings on the main menu bar and select Scan COM Ports.

4. The DataLink program will check COM ports 1-9 for the presence of an IQ3. If an IQ3 is found, DataLink will automatically configure the proper COM port setting for you. If your IQ3 was not found, and you are using a USB to Serial Port adaptor, insure that you have properly installed the device adaptor driver on your PC. A driver disk should have been provided on a disk by the adaptor manufacturer at time of purchase. If you cannot find the device driver disk, the drivers are frequently available on the manufactures website as a free download.

5. You can also manually configure the COM port settings under Setting → Preferences.
Data Logger and Dash Setup Using DataLink Software

Access to data logger, sensor and dash programming functions are contained within the configuration file. At the time of the DataLink software installation, a set of motorsport specific configuration files were also installed.

Now that the display features of the dash have been programmed by means of the external programming buttons and the DataLink software installed, we can now access the appropriate IQ3 configuration file, in order to complete the initial setup of the data logger.

Motorsports Specific Configuration Files
Racepak personnel have created a variety of Configuration files that are customized according to the motorsports in which the data system will be utilized. Detailed information concerning each Configuration file can be found in the Runlog and Configuration File Details section of this manual.

IQ3_Config: This Configuration file contains a combination of Runlog pages and math channels, created specifically for motorsports that require track mapping, lap and segment information. In addition, math channels utilizing shock travel data are included.

IQ3_ConfigM: This is the metric version of the above Config file.

IQ3_ConfigBT: This Configuration file contains Runlog and math channel data specific to the needs of boat motorsports that require track mapping, lap and segment information.

IQ3_ConfigPL: This Configuration file contains Runlog pages specific to the sport of pulling, which provides customers the ability to input pull specific information, within each run file.

Opening the Configuration File

1. Open the DataLink software and select File from the main menu area
2. Select Open Car Configuration from the pull down menu.
3. A Select Configuration dialog window will open. A list of folders containing Configuration files will appear on the left side, while the actual Configuration files appear on the right side.
4. Select the IQ3 configuration file that is appropriate for your type of motorsports
**Programming Functions – Data Logger**

The configuration file should now be open in the DataLink software, as shown below. A configuration file is always noted by the blue “wrench” tab seen at the top of the file. Note the Channel Buttons across the top of the configuration file. Any internal or external sensor, gauge or dash programming functions is accessed through this file.

![Configuration File Screenshot](image)

**Programming Functions through Channel Buttons**

Access to any programming function is through each rectangular Channel Button, as found at the top of the configuration file. Channel Buttons represent all the current internal and external sensors or Intelli-Gauges, along with the individual dash programming pages and data logger functions.

For example, to review programming for the Lateral g sensor, place the mouse cursor over the Lateral G channel button and right click. Each channel button provides access to:

1. Sensor Calibration Values
2. Sensor Scaling
3. Channel Name
4. Logging Rate
5. Graph Smoothing

---

**Data Logger Programming Features through the Configuration File**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Channel Button Name</th>
<th>Action To Access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Start Logging Channel and Value</td>
<td>IQ3_Module</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start / Finish Line Detection Distance</td>
<td>IQ3 Module</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track Distance (for predictive lap time)</td>
<td>IQ3 Module</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Name</td>
<td>Any active channel</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration Values</td>
<td>Any active channel</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scaling Values (graphed data)</td>
<td>Any active channel</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoothing (graphed data)</td>
<td>Any active channel</td>
<td>Right Click Over Channel Button</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Programming the Display Using the DataLink Software

Many display functions of the IQ3 can be programmed utilizing the two external programming buttons, as outlined in the Programming the Display By External Buttons section of this manual, page 24. However, it is also possible to program many of these same functions along with additional functions, utilizing the user’s PC and DataLink program.

First, it is necessary to connect the user’s PC to the IQ3 utilizing the Racepak serial cable.

Next, open the DataLink software and the IQ3_Config file and Right click over the IQ3 Logger Channel Button. This action opens the following window:

Each programming function is accessed by tabs located across the top of the page, as outlined in the following section.

All programming changes to the IQ3 must be finalized by selecting the Send Configuration button found in the bottom left corner of each programming page.
Display Pages
A view representing the current programming of all four display pages is obtained by selecting the Display Pages tab. Each input is programmed by selecting the text box related to that input area, as indicated by the red line extending down to the dash, from each text box.

Bar Graph (Sweep Tach)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KPH MPH RPM</td>
<td>Selection defines channel name on dash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel to Display</td>
<td>Pull down arrow selects channel for bar graph data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Averaging Filter</td>
<td>Smooths displayed data. 10 is default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Value</td>
<td>Determines starting point for bar graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Value</td>
<td>Determine ending point for bar graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Start Value</td>
<td>Determines start value for bar graph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Value per 10 Bars</td>
<td>Determines value for each 10 bar segment. There are a total of 8, 10 bar segments for 80 total bars.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Closes window following programming changes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Gear Indicator (center of dash)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Channel To Display</td>
<td>Pull down arrow selects sensor channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Averaging Filter</td>
<td>Smooths displayed data. 10 is default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Closes window following programming changes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remaining Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Channel to Display</td>
<td>Pull down arrow selects sensor channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decimals to Display</td>
<td>Number of digits to display after decimal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Averaging Filter</td>
<td>Smooths displayed data. 10 is default</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Tag Text</td>
<td>Name displayed. 5 total characters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As shown above, to program an input area, simply locate the desired sensor channel by use of the pull down arrow, select the sensor channel, then define the remaining values for Decimals to Display, etc.
Warnings

The IQ3 provides the ability to program up to four individual warning channels. The face of the dash contains four warning lights. Each warning light is associated with a single warning channel. To program each individual warning channel:

1. Select the “Warnings” tab.
2. Next, left click on the warning light you would like to program. This action will open the Warning Light text box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warning Channel</td>
<td>Sensor input to be used to trigger warning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Warning Limit</td>
<td>Sensor value to trigger warning when below this value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Warning Limit</td>
<td>Sensor value to trigger warning when above this value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Tag</td>
<td>Text to be displayed above warning channel value when warning is activated. 5 chars max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Value is Inside Warning Limit Window</td>
<td>Triggers warning when sensor value is between Low and High Warning limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Value is Outside Warning Limit Window</td>
<td>Triggers warning when sensor value is below Low Warning Limit and above High Warning Limit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Input 1 AND Warning Input 2 Conditions Are Met</td>
<td>Requires that warning 1 and warning 2 conditions are met to activate warning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Input 1 OR Warning Input 2 Conditions Are Met</td>
<td>Requires that warning 1 or warning 2 conditions are met to activate warning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Tag</td>
<td>Text displayed to the left of warning channel value(s) when warning is activated. 5 chars max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Delay Time</td>
<td>Time is seconds to delay before warning is activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn On External Warning</td>
<td>Turns on external warning when warning channel is activated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following section provides an example warning setup.
Example Warning Setup

As noted in the previous section, the dash warning setup allows the user to trigger a warning light based on one sensor channel or two sensor channels. In addition, a specific text warning may be programmed to display, when the warning parameters are met.

In the example setup below, the dash warning was programmed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning Channel One: Oil Pressure below 30 PSI</th>
<th>Text Above Warning Channel One: OIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warning Channel Two: Engine RPM above 1000</td>
<td>Text Above Warning Channel Two: TACH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text To Display When Warning Values Are Met: Oil P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When at least one programmed warning channel is activated, the warning text will alternate between the warning channel data and the normal display page data once a second.

To clear ALL active warning, enter a SHORT press on Programming Button 1. This will clear the warnings until the warning channel goes out of warning and then back in to warning again.
Shift Lights

To program the shift lights, simply determine the RPM Channel to activate the shift lights (typically Engine RPM) then select the shift point for each gear. Finally, select the RPM Interval between each shift light.

Example: Shift point for each gear is 5000 RPM, Interval is 100 RPM. With 5 shift lights in use (10 total lights that are displayed two at a time), the software will calculate back from the programmed shift point and start the shift lights at 4600 RPM and increment to 4700, 4800, 4900 and with all lights on at 5000.

Shift Light Formula: Shift Light Interval x 4 minus Shift Point = Starting Point of Shift Lights
100 x 4 = 400. 5000 – 400 = 4600 (start of shift lights)

Gear Calculation

The gear position is most easily configured using the IQ3 Setup Mode 2 programming. The IQ3 derives the gear position by calculating the ratio between the engine rpm and GPS speed at the time each gear is programmed.

It is also possible to manually enter the ratio values utilizing the Gear Calculation page. However, the ratio values are not the transmission or final drive ratios, but instead is the ratio between engine rpm and GPS speed.

There are two methods to determine the ratio:

1. Driving: Place the vehicle in first gear and accelerate to a steady, slow speed. Note the engine RPM and the GPS speed. Place the vehicle in second gear and note the engine RPM and GPS speed. Repeat the process for all gears. Below is the formula utilized.

   \[
   \text{GPS Speed / Engine RPM (GPS Speed divided by Engine RPM)} = \text{Gear Ratio}
   \]

2. Manual Calculation. This involves calculating the vehicle speed as determined by engine RPM, gear ratios and tire circumference and applying the above formula to those calculations. \[
   \text{Engine RPM} / 1^{\text{st}} \text{ Gear Ratio} / \text{Rear Gear Ratio} \times \text{Tire Circumference} / 12 \times 60 / 5280 = \text{Speed (mph)}
   \]

   Calculate the ratio for each gear and insert the ratio in the appropriate input box.
Slip Calculation

The Slip Calculation provides the ability to display slip data based on propeller vs. speed or tire vs. speed for use with wheel driven vehicles. The slip calculation can only be used for display purposes. It is not recorded on microSD card. If you need to record a slip calculation, you can create one via the DataLink software math channel feature.

**RPM Channel to Calculate Slip:** Typically Engine RPM or the rpm channel that provides final drive to the propeller or wheels.

**Speed Channel to Calculate Slip:** The sensor channel that provides vehicle speed, which is GPS MPH in most instances.

**Distance of Travel per Revolution:** The propeller pitch in inches or centimeter (or drive wheel circumference).

**Gear Ratio:** The final drive ratio between the RPM input and the wheel or propeller. For vehicles that have more than one set of gearing between the engine and wheel or propeller, it will be necessary to calculate a final drive ratio.

Final gear drive formula for wheel driven vehicles:

**Tire Circumference / Drive Ratio = Final Drive Ratio**

This number can be entered in the Gear Ratio input area.
Dash Info

The Dash Info contains setup parameters, specific to the dash and data logger. Locate the Custom Programming Options area. This is found on the left side of the page.

To change any of the following parameters, place the mouse cursor on the desired text line and left click. This will activate the input box for the particular setting, to the right of the selected text line. Changes are entered in the input box, and then sent to the dash via the SEND Configuration button as found in the lower right corner of the open window.

In some instances, the following settings are also accessed by the external programming buttons.

Product Version
Same as firmware version.

Record Enable Channel
The sensor channel that starts the process of saving data to the memory card. Any active channel may be used, to start recording. When powered up, the IQ3 does not save data to the memory card until the channel value is exceeded as shown below.

Start recording when channel exceeds value
This defines the value that must be exceeded before the IQ3 will start saving data to the memory card.

Max Number of Seconds to Record
This is the total time (in seconds) that a single data file will record, before the data logger saves the file and automatically starts a new recording. Do not change.

Start Finish Line Distance
This defines the distance that an “imaginary” start finish line (latitude and longitude) point is projected left, right and perpendicular to vehicle travel, when the start finish is set utilizing the external programming buttons. This can be visualized much the same as the distance a trackside beacon transmitter will project across the racing surface. For land based vehicles, this is typically not a problem, as the vehicle will consistently maintain a narrow driving line location on the track.

For boating competitors, this setting is important, as boats can often vary in driving line locations by large distances. If the Start Finish Line Distance setting is too small, the boat will “miss” the start finish marker and thus not receive a lap time or numbers.

Minimum is 30 feet / 10 meters, while maximum is 960 feet / 320 meters.
**Odometer Input Channel**

If you would like to enable the odometer function, you must first define the speed channel used to calculate the distance traveled. You must remember that if you select GPS speed, the odometer will only be functional when the IQ3 has acquired three or more satellites.

**Real Time Sample Rate**

Defines the logging or sample rate when data is viewed in real time (live watch). Minimum is 1 and maximum is 100.
Motorsports Specific Software

Each type of motorsports places different demands on the software. As discussed on previously in this manual, Racepak has created three configuration files, designed to cover a variety of motorsports. The difference between the configuration files can be found in the Runlog page area, which is screen area located below the main graph area. Here, the user will find a variety of pages specific to their type of motorsports. To select any Runlog page, simply left click over the MENU Runlog tab. This will access the 8 categories of pre-configured Runlog pages. Left click over any category, to access individual pages.

All Runlog pages are copied into each new run, providing the user an opportunity to insert data relative to each run. Data inserted remains with each run for current or later data analysis.

Road Racing / Circle Track Configuration File

Session Info and Weather

1. Session
2. Weather
3. Run Comments
Provides an input area for run numbering data, weather conditions and comments. Data is inserted by the user, as needed

Map Setup

1. Create GPS Map
2. Add Map Segments
3. Add Inside - Outside Track (optional)
Provides an input area to create and segment track data. Additional information can be found in the following section.

Map Analysis

1. Map Report
2. Lap Zoom
3. Segment Report
4. Segment Compare
5. Speed Compare
6. Min Max Avg Report
7. GG Plot
Provides an input area to review and analyze data. Additional information can be found in the following section.
Real Time Displays
1. Dash
2. User Gauges
3. On Track Telemetry
Provides the ability to view data in an analog real-time format. Additional information can be found in the following sections.

User Defined Runlog Pages
1. User Page 1
2. User Page 2
3. User Page 3
Provides the ability to create custom Runlog pages. Additional information can be found in the following sections.

Car Setup
1. Chassis Scaling
2. Tire Data

Chassis Scaling Runlog
The function of chassis scales is contained within this Runlog page. By inputting the four corner weights of a scaled vehicle, the Chassis Scaling page can calculate the following information:

1. Total Weight
2. Cross Weight
3. Cross Weight Percentage
4. Left Side Total Weight
5. Left Side Total Percentage
6. Right Side Total Weight
7. Right Side Total Percentage
8. Front Percentage
9. Rear Percentage
10. Total Left Side Lead
11. Total Right Side Lead

Again, this information may be entered into the Chassis Scaling Runlog page, prior to the start of testing. This Runlog page can also be used to calculate the set up information, while at the shop. Simply input the corner weights and the Runlog page automatically provides the above 11 items.
**Tire Data**
This Runlog page was designed to provide an area to input tire temperatures and pressure build up, during track test events. However, the Tire Pressure Cold data should be entered before the start of testing. Following a test run, if tire temp readings are obtained by means of a hand held probe, the individual temperatures can be inserted into this Runlog page. By doing so, the system can provide the following information:

1. Left Front Average   
2. Right Front Average   
3. Average Overall Front   
4. Left Rear Average   
5. Right Rear Average   
6. Average Overall Rear

In addition, if the cold and hot tire pressure data is inserted, the system can provide the following information:  
1. Left Front / Right Front / Left Rear / Right Rear Pressure Gain
Write Start / Finish Position to Card

The ability to export the start / finish location (as set in the GPS Trackmap) to the memory card eliminates the necessity of setting the start / finish from the external programming buttons. When the card is re-inserted into the data logger, this start / finish location is automatically installed in the data logger.

To export the GPS Trackmap start / finish location to the data logger:

1. Insure a GPS trackmap has been created for the selected Runfile, following all four steps found in the Create GPS Track Map Runlog page.
2. Remember to place the start / finish of the GPS trackmap in a location that will be both familiar to the driver and in an area that lap time data will be easy to read when on the track. Typically this will be on the front straight of most tracks, as that affords the driver a bit of time to glance at the lap time and lap number.
3. Select the Runlog Menu tab found at the bottom of the DataLink software.
4. Locate the Write Start/Finish Position to Card button as found under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts area.
5. Connect the memory card to your PC via the method used when downloading data to the user’s PC (typically a USB flash card reader).
6. Select the Write Start/Finish Position to Card button.

This action automatically places the GPS trackmap start / finish position on the memory card. Following this action, simple insert the memory card into the data logger and apply power.

The start / finish is now set, which will allow the display dash to provide lap time and lap number information. This start / finish location can be re-set by using the dashes external programming buttons or by exporting another start / finish location to the compact flash card (as taken from the GPS trackmap).

WARNING: Do not make any changes to the start finish file that is saved to the memory card. Editing the name or file type will result in failure to write the start / finish location to the data logger.
**TrackVision Export Runlog Page**

This page allows the user to quickly export data from the DataLink software for use in the TrackVision video software. This is accomplished through the use of our TrackVision Export Runlog page. This page can be accessed by selecting the Track Vision Export button found on the Runlog Menu page, under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts heading.

The TrackVision Export Runlog page enables the user to quickly export a list of standard TrackVision related data channels. In addition, the user can also create a customized list of data channels to be exported for use in the TrackVision software.

**Exporting pre-defined TrackVision data channels:**

1. Open a Runfile.
2. Select the Run Log Menu Runlog tab at the bottom of the DataLink software.
3. Select the Track Vision Export button found under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts heading as shown below.

![Image](image)

The user is presented with two options:

1. Export Standard TrackVision Data
2. Export Custom TrackVision Data

![Image](image)

Exporting Standard TrackVision Data:

1. Select the Export Standard Track Vision Data button.
2. Data is automatically exported to the following file folder location: C:\RacePakData\TrackVision_Std.csv
3. Data is now saved and ready for use in the TrackVision software.
**Boat Racing Configuration**

**Prop Data Math Channels:** Racepak personnel have installed a set of math channels that provide data specific to boat racing analysis. This allows graphing and reviewing of prop data in the main graph area, but has no affect on Prop Slip settings as programmed in the dash.

*Prop Speed*

Channel name: Prop Speed

The Prop Speed channel is derived from the input of Engine RPM, Gear Ratio, Prop Pitch and internal mathematical functions. To activate channel, complete the Prop Data Runlog page.

*Prop Slip*

Channel name: Prop Slip

The Prop Slip channel is created from the input of GPS MPH and prop speed.

**Session Info and Weather**

1. Session
2. Weather
3. Run Comments

Provides an input area for run numbering data, weather conditions and comments. Data is inserted by the user, as needed.

**Map Setup**

1. Create GPS Map
2. Add Map Segments
3. Add Inside - Outside Track (optional)

Provides an input area to create and segment track data. Additional information can be found in the following section.

**Map Analysis**

1. Map Report
2. Lap Zoom
3. Segment Report
4. Segment Compare
5. Speed Compare
6. Min Max Avg Report
7. GG Plot

Provides an input area to review and analyze data. Additional information can be found in the following section.
Prop Data and Accel Reports

1. Prop Data
2. Accel Times
3. Accel Times Scroll

Prop Data
In order to activate the Prop Slip and Prop Speed data channels, it is necessary to complete the gear and prop data information contained on the Prop Data Runlog page.

Accel Time and Accel Scroll Runlog Page

1. Open a Runfile and Graph GPS_MPH
2. Open the Accel Times Runlog Page
3. Enter the desired speed to start the report and the desired display MPH increments, in the input area at the top of the page. For example, if 50 MPH is inserted as the Entered Speed and 10 is inserted in the Display Every time input area, the report will start at 50 MPH and display data in 10 MPH increments.
4. Place the cursor in the Main Graph area, then located the cursor at a starting point in the GPS_MPH data. Locate the cursor at a point that is below the Entered Speed.
5. Located the Add/Edit Segment Lap Markers icon, on the left side of the DataLink screen and select it
6. Select the Insert New Lap Marker At Cursor Button
7. Select the Lap Markers channel button, in order to display the inserted marker within the graph area
8. Move the cursor to the desired ending point of the Accel run and repeat steps 6 and 7
9. If multiple acceleration runs were made during the outing, continue to place markers at the desired beginning and ending points
10. The DataLink software will review acceleration data between each marker and provide report data based on those markers
To utilize the Accel Scroll Runlog page, simply place the mouse cursor over the slider located at the top of the Accel Scroll Runlog page, right click and hold then drag the slider left or right to move the accel data accordingly. This feature allows the user to view data that extends out of view of the screen area.

**Real Time Displays**

1. Dash
2. User Gauges
3. On Track Telemetry

Provides the ability to view data in an analog real-time format. Additional information can be found in the following sections.

**User Defined Runlog Pages**

1. User Page 1
2. User Page 2
3. User Page 3

Provides the ability to create custom Runlog pages. Additional information can be found in the following sections.
Write Start / Finish Position to Card

The IQ3 config file provides the ability to export the start / finish location (as set in the GPS Trackmap) to the memory card. When the card is re-inserted into the data logger, this start / finish location is automatically installed in the data logger, thus eliminating the need to set the start / finish location with the Display Dash.

To export the GPS Trackmap start / finish location to the data logger:

7. Insure a GPS trackmap has been created for the selected Runfile, following all four steps found in the Create GPS Track Map Runlog page.
8. Remember to place the start / finish of the GPS trackmap in a location that will be both familiar to the driver and in an area that lap time data will be easy to read when on the track. Typically this will be on the front straight of most tracks, as that affords the driver a bit of time to glance at the lap time and lap number.
9. Select the Runlog Menu tab found at the bottom of the DataLink software.
10. Locate the Write Start/Finish Position to Card button as found under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts area.
11. Connect the memory card to your PC via the method used when downloading data to the users PC (typically a USB flash card reader).
12. Select the Write Start/Finish Position to Card button.

This action automatically places the GPS trackmap start / finish position on the memory card. Following this action, simple insert the memory card into the data logger and apply power.

The start / finish is now set, which will allow the display dash to provide lap time and lap number information. This start / finish location can be re-set by using the Display Dash method or by exporting another start / finish location to the compact flash card (as taken from the GPS trackmap).

WARNING: Do not make any changes to the start finish file that is saved to the memory card. Editing the name or file type will result in failure to write the start / finish location to the data logger.
TrackVision Export Runlog Page

This page allows the user to quickly export data from the DataLink software for use in the TrackVision video software. This is accomplished through the use of our TrackVision Export Runlog page. This page can be accessed by selecting the Track Vision Export button found on the Runlog Menu page, under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts heading.

The TrackVision Export Runlog page enables the user to quickly export a list of standard TrackVision related data channels. In addition, the user can also create a customized list of data channels to be exported for use in the TrackVision software.

Exporting pre-defined TrackVision data channels:
4. Open a Runfile that was downloaded utilizing the updated G2X_Config file found in Version 2.7b or higher of the DataLink software.
5. Select the Run Log Menu Runlog tab at the bottom of the DataLink software.
6. Select the Track Vision Export button found under the Favorite Log Page Shortcuts heading as shown below.

The user is presented with two options:
3. Export Standard TrackVision Data
4. Export Custom TrackVision Data

Exporting Standard TrackVision Data:
4. Select the Export Standard Track Vision Data button.
5. Data is automatically exported to the following file folder location:
   C:\RacePakData\TrackVision_Std.csv
6. Data is now saved and ready for use in the TrackVision software.
Puller Runlog Pages

Session
Provides an input area for run numbering data, weather conditions and comments. Data is inserted by the user, as needed.

Pull Info
Provides an area to input pulled related information.

Weather
Provides an area to input weather information.

Vehicle and Track Info
Provides an area to input vehicle setup and track condition information.

Dash Gauges
Allows the user to select the input channel to activate each gauge. Can be used during telemetry or review of downloaded data.

User Defined Runlog Pages
  1. User Page 1
  2. User Page 2
Provides the ability to create custom Runlog pages. Additional information can be found in the following sections.
Making the Initial Run

**Downloading Data**

The IQ3 creates a new file and saves all data gathered from the start of logging (speed greater than 25 MPH) to the end of logging (speed less than 25 MPH for 30 seconds). Each file is saved in a .ddf format and is assigned a number based on date and time. Multiple files can be saved to the memory card.

When a .ddf file is transferred to the DataLink II program, it is then assigned a file name based on the track, date and run number. At that time, it becomes a Runfile. All of the lap data is contained within the Runfile and is called a Lapfile. While it is not necessary to transfer your data after each run, it is highly recommended, if at all possible.

Only one Run file can be transferred at a time, so you must perform the following procedure once for each .ddf data file or recording.

1. Turn off power to the IQ3
2. Open the DataLink II program, and insert the MicroSD memory card into the card reader.
3. Initiate the download process by selecting the New Download icon.
4. The Select Configuration dialog window will open. Select the appropriate Configuration file and OK.
5. The Open dialog window will open. The first time data is downloaded you will need to select the drive letter corresponding to the MicroSD card reader.
6. There will be one .ddf file for each recording. In this example, there are multiple .ddf files. If multiple files are listed, select the desired file to download and select Open.
7. The file will download and the Session dialog window will open.
Session Dialog Window

When data is downloaded to the user’s PC, a download “path” must be created. This process automatically creates a series of folders for the downloaded data.

The folders are named based on the number entered into the Year input box and the location entered into the Track input box.

It is only necessary to enter the Year one time, according to the year of testing. It is also only necessary to enter the Track name one time, at each track.

At the same time, a number must be assigned to the Runfile before the file can be placed into the designated folder. The Session page provides the ability to assign both the run number and the location in which to save the Runfile.

An example data path: C\RacepakData\IQ3\2008\Daytona

If 2008 was entered for the Year and Daytona for Track, the above set of folders (or directory) would be created on the user’s C drive. The Runfile number is assigned according to the date, location and run number.

1. Enter the appropriate information in the Session dialog box and select Next.
Map Select Dialog Window

The Map Select Dialog Window is designed to assist the user in selecting previously created and saved GPS Track Maps. After extended use of the data system, it is possible to have quite a large collection of saved maps. However, the Racepak engineers have created a unique way to provide a limited number of maps for selection. Upon download of a new run, the Datalink II software reviews the location of the vehicle, relative to GPS data. Then, only previously saved maps that are located within a five mile radius of the newly downloaded run, will be displayed for selection.

For a run at a new location that does not detect any previously saved track maps within that five mile radius, the above Create New message will appear in the Map Select Dialog Window. Since these instructions assume this is the first download for a new system:

1. Select Next

2. The Weather dialog box will be presented. If desired, enter the current weather conditions. If not desired, this information can be entered at a later date, then select OK.
3. The final dialog window to be presented to the user is the Save window. This allows the user to review the save location and Runfile number. If any changes are desired, they may be performed at this time. If no changes are desired, select Save.

At this time, the Runfile is now open the DataLink II software. The next step is to create a GPS track map. First, we will review the procedures that must be applied to a Runfile, when the IQ3 is utilized by pulling competitors. Creating trackmaps does not apply to our Pulling customers.
**Pulling Data - Setting the Zero Start Point - Very Important**

In order for puller competitors to accurately review data, it is necessary to reset the start of graphed data (Zero Point) for each run. When data is initially downloaded and graphed, the starting point of the graphed data is when the data logger started saving data to the compact flash card. For example, if the data logger is set to start logging when engine rpm exceeds 3000, that point could occur while driving up to the sled, on the first pull. Suppose on the second pull, the motor does not exceed 3000 rpm until the vehicle is starting the actual pull. When data is downloaded and graphed, the zero time (or starting point) of the data will be at two totally different locations. This makes it impossible to accurately overlay and graph data.

The solution to this situation is to manually move the zero time point to the same location, within each run. This is accomplished by using the Set Start Time icon, located in the DataLink software. To perform this procedure:

1. Open a Runfile

At this time, it will be necessary to determine what data channel will always be used to determine the first movement of the vehicle. For pullers, the Accel G channel works well.

2. Graph the Accel G channel.
3. Select the Autoscale icon. This will display all data from beginning to end.
4. Place the cursor in the Main Graph area (the area with the colored graph line)
5. Press and hold down the left mouse button (starting at the very beginning of the run).
6. Drag the mouse to the right until the very first movement of the vehicle is noted.
7. The first movement of the vehicle will be obvious, with an upward spike in Accel G data.

Determine the first movement of the vehicle by continuing to hold the left mouse button down and watching the real time Accel G Channel Button data (at the top of the page). The Zero start time will be when the Accel G Channel Button data begins to increase. When the start of the run is located:

8. Select the Set Start Time icon
9. The Confirm Data Start Time Change window will open. Select OK

At this time, the graphed data will now start at the new zero time as set by this action.

**NOTE:** It is vitally important to perform this procedure on every run, or accurate data overlay will not be possible.

Create Trackmap - Required for Closed Course / Oval & Road Race
Create Trackmap (Closed Course) Oval and Road Racing

Upon download of the initial run, it is advisable to quickly check two channels, to verify system operation. Two suggested channels are the GPS_MPH and GPS_Satellites. Typically, if those two channels are correct, all the remaining GPS functions will be correct.

At this time, the initial run should be in view, in the DataLink II software. To graph the GPS_MPH channel:

1. Place the mouse cursor over the GPS_MPH Channel Button and left click.

2. The GPS_MPH data should now be in view, in the Main Graph area.

3. Locate and left click the Autoscale icon, located in the vertical icon list on the left side of the screen. All graphed data, from the start of logging until the end of logging, will be displayed.

4. Next, graph the GPS_Satellites channel by placing the mouse cursor over the GPS_Satellites Channel Button and left clicking. This action will display the number of satellites utilized during this particular run.

5. A minimum of three satellites are required at any given time in a run, in order to produce valid data. Typically, the logger will utilize between three and seven satellites.

Your screen should appear as shown below:
If no previously save track map exists for the newly downloaded data, the next action that must be performed is the creation of a GPS track map. A GPS track map is the most important item for data review, as the track map controls all of the timing functions of the logger and DataLink II software. Without a GPS track map, no lap times, segment times or visual driving lines will be available.

In essence, the creation of a GPS track map is the same as physically placing start / finish and segment beacons at various points around the race course. The difference is we are re-creating the track in the DataLink II software utilizing GPS information, then inserting (in the software) the start / finish and segment timing points at various locations around the GPS track map. Those timing points are also GPS plotted positions and provide timing information with the same accuracy as trackside beacons.

GPS track map files are saved according to the name assigned by the user. Typically, the name will reflect the name of the track or location in use. Saved GPS track map files can then be recalled for use, according to the testing location and needs of the user. The procedures for creating a GPS track map are quick, easy and listed in numerical order, Step 1 through Step 4.

At this time, our initial run data should still be in view. To create a GPS track map, select the Map Setup Category button, then select the GPS Trackmap Runlog tab, located at the bottom of the DataLink II screen. The instructions are presented in order from 1 through 4.

**Step 1: Select / Create GPS Map**

Left click over the Select / Create GPS Map. This opens a Select/Create GPS MAP dialog box. The user is presented with three choices, which are self explanatory:

1. New (Clear) Lap File: This allows the creation of a new track map.

2. Open Different Lap File: This allows the user to load a previously created track map.

3. Rename/Save Lap File: This allows the user to rename a previously created track map or simply save an existing track map.

For the initial run, we will select New Trackmap and then OK.

The Save As dialog box will now be opened for the user. Simply type the desired track or location name (example: Road Atlanta) then select the Save button. Following this action, the user will be returned to the DataLink II software. The Create GPS Trackmap Runlog page will now display all of the GPS driving data. Remember, at this point the GPS data in view is all data logged from the start until the end of recording.
Step 2: Select Track Type

The next step is to assign the type of track in use for testing. Most all testing will be considered the default setting of Closed Course. Open Course is typically used for events such as Autocross and Hill Climbing, which is covered in the following section.

Step 3: Set Lap Start

As discussed in the previous section, the current data in view represents the GPS position of the vehicle from the start until the end of recording. If you were to place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area, (insure GPS_MPH is still graphed and the entire run is in view) then left click and drag the mouse cursor through the Main Graph area, you can follow the location of the vehicle in the GPS driving line data. However, there will be no lap data, until a start / finish line is assigned.

To Set Lap Start, place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area, left click and move the vehicle location (as noted by the small X) in the GPS map data until the approximate start / finish is located. Next, simply select the Set Lap Start button. Just consider this action the same as physically placing a beacon transmitter on the start / finish line of the race course, except this is much easier.

In order to generate a GPS track map, the final step will be to view a lap and create the map from that actual lap.

Step 4: Create GPS Map

To view a lap, locate the LAP NUMBER widow shown under Step 4. By using the Up / Down arrows, the user can toggle through all of the laps contained within the run. To select a lap, simply choose a lap that represents a complete, high speed lap. This lap will also be utilized to generate segment timing, so choosing a high speed lap with the greatest lateral g forces, will assist in the segmentation.

Now, select the Create GPS Trackmap button. This action now completes the GPS track mapping process. As with many activities, the actual explanation of the track mapping procedure appears extensive, while the actual process takes less than 30 seconds.
**Track Map Creation (Open - Autocross, Solo & Hill Climb)**

Through the use of GPS signals, it is possible to create a track map, even if the start and finish line are located at two different locations. In the previous section, we located the vehicle at the desired start / finish and selected the Set Lap Start button. For open course, we need to also establish an end point of the lap, also. To create an open course track map, we will refer to the previous section and follow the same instructions for Step 1. Resuming at Step 2:

### Step 2: Select Track Type

For open course, select Open Course.

### Step 3: Set Lap Start

**Set Lap End / Open Course Only**

As discussed in the previous section, the current data in view represents the GPS position of the vehicle from the start until the end of recording. If you were to place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area, (insure GPS_MPH is still graphed and the entire run is in view) then left click and drag the mouse cursor through the Main Graph area, you can follow the location of the vehicle in the GPS driving line data.

To Set Lap Start, place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area, left click and move the vehicle location (as noted by the small X) in the GPS map data until the approximate start area is located. Next, select the Set Lap Start button. Then, move the cursor to the desire end of the course and select the Set Lap End button.

### Step 4: Create GPS Trackmap

Finally, select the Create GPS Trackmap button. This action now completes the GPS track mapping process.
Add Map Segments - Closed Course Tracks Only

Now that we have created a GPS track map, the next step is to create track segments. In order for the DataLink II software to provide segment data, it is necessary to break the track into corners. Each corner will represent the start and end of a timing segment. However, in this instance, we will use Lateral G forces to create the segments for us. By doing so, it automates the process and eliminates the necessity of manually assigning segments.

Open the Add Map Segments Runlog page. Next, graph the Lateral G channel. Review the data and determine the approximate Lateral G value obtained upon entry to most of the corners. Next, determine the approximate Lateral G value upon exiting most corners. At high speed, high lateral g force tracks, it is recommended to attempt to maintain at least .5 G difference between the maximum and minimum values. Following this:

Step 1: Open Lap

To generate segments, it is necessary to open a lap. Use the same lap as previously selected to generate the track map.

Step 2: Generate Segments

1. Insert the desire maximum Lateral G value in the Corner Start input box
2. Insert the desired minimum Lateral G value in the Corner End input box
3. Select the Generate Segments button.

Following this action, the DataLink II software will segment the GPS track map, and assign names to each corner. Often times, a road course will assign a variety of names, to the same corner. For example, the DataLink II software will assign a Turn 7 and Turn 8 to the track map. However, the “official” name for the turn could be shown as Turn 7a and Turn 7b and Turn 7c. In this case, the user may insert a variety of Lateral G values to create the approximate correct number of turns. When creating circle track segments, the system will automatically create only two turns. In order to divide the track into four corners, it will be necessary to manually edit the segments, as reviewed in the following section.

Note: The factory default setting for Corner start is 1, while Corner End is .5. These values are just a starting point and should be adjusted by the user, depending on the cornering forces of the vehicle.
Step 3: Manually Edit Segments

It is also possible to manually name a particular turn, override the assigned name to a particular area of the track or creating additional segments by using the Manual Segment Edit. To do so:

1. Position the location of the vehicle (as noted by the X on the track map) in the desired change area. Select Divide. Move the cursor to the desired ending point of the change select the Divide button again.

2. Place the location of the vehicle between the newly selected Diving markers and choose the desired action: Corner / Straight / Merge / Extend / Divide and the DataLink II software will perform the desired changes.

Road course: We have found it is helpful to obtain a top view of the race course (most are available on the Internet) and duplicate their nomenclature for corners and straights. This agreement between maps will greatly assist, when discussing particular track areas.

Circle Track: To create a four turn track, place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area and move the vehicle location to the center of turn 1, then select the Divide button. Next, place the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area and place the vehicle location in the center of the opposite turn and select the Divide button. This action will now provide a four turn track. Additional segments may be created by placing the vehicle in the desired location and continuing to divide the track map.

Remember, any segment added to the track map provides timing information, which aids in data analysis.

To manually insert segment markers at desired locations on the track map, position the vehicle at the desired location for the entrance segment marker and select the Divide button. Next, move the vehicle to the desired exit segment marker and again select the Divide button. Then, place the vehicle position between the two segments markers that are in view on the track map and select the Corner button.
Add Inside / Outside Track - Optional

When utilizing GPS data, it is possible to create on-screen inside and outside track edges, to assist in reviewing data. To obtain data for inside / outside driving lines, it is necessary to drive at least two complete laps on the inside of the track and two complete laps on the outside of the track. If the start / finish area is not passed at least two times during each procedure, a suitable lap will not be obtained.

It is advisable to obtain inside and outside track information at some point during an on-track run and utilize this same run for track mapping, segmentation and inside / outside track creation. Then, by using the following instructions, the user simply toggles through the available laps, selecting the desired inside and outside laps.

Following the creation and segmentation of a trackmap, open the Add Inside/Outside Track-Optional Runlog page:

**Step 1:**

Toggle through the available laps, until a suitable inside lap is obtained. Select the **Create Inside Track** button.

**Step 2:**

Toggle through the available laps, until a suitable outside lap is obtained. Select the **Create Outside Track** button.

Following these procedures, the inside and outside track area should now be represented by red and blue lines, on the GPS track map graphic area. To save the updated track, select the Create GPS Track Map Runlog page, then the **SELECT/CREATE GPS MAP** button. This action will open the Select/Create GPS MAP dialog window. Select the Rename/Save Lap File button. The user can save with the existing track map name or rename as desired.
Manually Loading GPS Track Maps

The DataLink II software enables the user to create any number of track maps. For example, it is possible to take the data utilized to create the previous track map and create another map with different segments, corner names, etc. Typically, only one map per track is necessary.

With users testing / racing at different facilities, the question arises of how and where to load a previously created track map into the DataLink II software.

1. Open the desired Runfile in which the trackmap will be loaded
2. Select the Create GPS Trackmap Runlog page.
3. Select the Select / Create GPS Map button, found beside of Step 1.
4. When the Select/Create GPS MAP dialog window opens, select the Open Different Lap File button.
5. This will present the Open dialog box. From this box, choose the desired track map and select the OK button.
6. Select the Rename/Save Trackmap button, and select the Yes button, when prompted from the Save dialog box.

Now, all that remains is to save the changes to the Runfile. To do so, simply select File, and then Save in the Main Menu command. The Save action can also be accessed by utilizing the Save icon, located in the vertical list of icons, on the left side of the DataLink II screen.
Opening a Lap and Graphing Data: Road Racing/Circle Track/ Boats

At this time, we have downloaded our first run, made a quick check of data and created and saved a track map. We would now like to review the basic procedures for viewing and graphing data. Before opening a lap for review, double click the Clear All Graphs icon, located in the vertical list of icons on the left side of the DataLink II screen. This will clear all currently graphed data.

The initial Runfile should still be open. The DataLink II software saves individual lap data, with corresponding lap times (called a Lapfile) within the Runfile. Simply worded, a Runfile is a folder with all the laps placed inside.

**Open a Lap**

1. Place the mouse cursor over the Runfile tab and right click. To open the fastest lap, select the Open Fastest button, as shown below.

2. The fastest lap will now be displayed, as shown in the example below.

   ![Example of latest Lapfile Tab](example.png)

   All of the data channels that were active during this test run are now in view in the Channel Button area. However, no graphed data will appear, until the user selects any of the Channel Buttons, as discussed in the next section.

Referring back to the above Select Lap dialog window, laps can be opened by three different methods:

1. Open All: This will automatically open all laps contained within the Runfile
2. Open Fastest: This will open only the fastest lap.
3. Open Selected: This will open one lap, by placing cursor over the desired lap and left clicking.

A Runfile is indicated by the blue disk icon and a Lapfile is indicated by the blue track map icon, along with the corresponding lap number.
**Distance Mode Graphed Data**

In order to produce a graph, a comparison must take place. When we previously graphed the GPS_MPH channel, the data was compared to time, which began at logging start and ended at power down of the logger. At this time, graph the GPS_MPH, GPS_LatG’s and GPS_Gs from your currently open lap.

Since we now have a track map in place, the data will be graphed compared to time from the start / finish line. The time into the lap, according to the position of the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area, is provided by the Cursor Position Box \[9.1\]. In certain applications, it is often more useful to compare the data to distance from the start / finish line.

To place the Main Graph area in distance mode:

1. Select View in the DataLink II main menu selection and then select the Segment X Mode option.

You will note the numbers along the bottom of the graph now display distance (feet) around the track and the top of the graph is now broken into track segments as defined by the track map. Track map segments provide a quick view of vehicle location, as defined by the track map.

Your screen should appear as shown above.

In addition the Cursor Position Box \[1027.0\] located in the upper left hand corner of the Main Graph area now displays the cursor position in feet into the lap rather than time.
**Speed and Segment Reports**

Following creation and segmenting of the GPS track map, the segment times will be now be available for review in the Runlog Page area. To view:

1. Insure a lap is open and in view

2. Select the Speed Summary Runlog Page tab, found at the bottom of the DataLink II screen.

3. Detailed information concerning segment times, entrance and exit speeds, along with minimum, maximum and average speeds are now available for review.

The Segment Report page provides detailed segment timing information for all laps contained within the currently open Runfile.

The Segment Compare page provides the ability to compare segment timing information for two selected laps. To do so requires the user to choose two laps, for comparison. This action, called Main and Reference lap selection, which is covered in the Advanced Features of the Datalink II Software section. The procedure is simple, and takes just a matter of seconds to perform.
Overlay (Graphing) Multiple Files

At this point, we have reviewed the basics of how to open and graph a single file. We will now review how to open, graph and compare two files. Multiple files can be viewed simultaneously using the DataLink II software.

To open another lap for review:

1. Place the mouse cursor over the current Runfile tab and right click.
2. Select the desired lap.
3. Left click the Open Selected button.

When a new lap is opened, no additional graphed data will appear in the Main Graph area. The user must "activate" the new lap. To do so:

1. Place the mouse cursor over the just opened Lapfile tab and left click.
2. Data can now be graphed.

In essence, that is all that is required to overlay graphed data. To graph data from multiple laps, simply continue opening Lapfiles, and graphing data. To graph data from multiple test runs, open the desire Runfile, open the desired Lapfile and graph the data. The only limit to the number of files that can be opened and graphed depends on the memory capabilities of the user’s PC.

Remember, to change the graph color of a particular channel, keep the mouse cursor over the Channel Button and continue to left click, until a desired color is obtained.
Advanced features of the DataLink II Software

At this time, the user should now be familiar with the basic skills necessary to create, download and review data. The following sections will review the advanced features of the DataLink II software. This information is intended to provide details concerning steps that can be taken to enhance the review of data, which in turn will assist in improving driver performance. None of the information is difficult to learn, or requires an extensive amount of time.

Runlog Pages - Data Comparison in Report Format

The previous section concerning speed and segment time review provided view of Runlog pages. When the DataLink II software was created, one of the goals was to provide the ability to compare data in a report format. Users not familiar with studying data graphs will appreciate data presented in a report format. To activate the data contained within a Runlog page, the user must first open a lap. As soon as the lap is open, any lap specific data is displayed within the Runlog page.

For example, to activate the data contained within the Segment Compare Runlog page:

1. Open a lap
2. The Segment Data will now be in view, at the bottom of the Runlog page.

This information reflects the minimum, maximum and average of the current "active" file. Remember, a file is made "active" by placing the mouse cursor over that particular file tab and left clicking.

Next, open a second lap. To activate the minimum / maximum / average data for the newly opened lap, simply place the mouse cursor over the Lapfile tab and left click. Notice the data change from the previous to the currently active lap.

Suppose we would like to compare the minimum, maximum and average data, or maybe view a comparison of segment times between two laps. This is possible, by assigning Reference and Main status for two files. Remembering that we can have many files open at one time, the question of how to "tell" the software which two files we wish to compare is answered through the use of Reference and Main files. This solution is extremely easy to use and take just seconds to perform.
Reference and Main Settings for Runlog Data Comparison

Insure at least two Lapfiles are open. To assign the Reference and Main status to two laps, in order to provide comparison data with the Runlog pages:

1. Select any open lap as the Reference by placing the mouse cursor over the desired Lapfile tab clicking the center button on the mouse.

   If you are not using a three button mouse, it will be necessary to go to the File Command in the Main Menu and select the Set Reference File / File command. This action will turn the Lapfile tab red.

2. Select any second lap as the Main file by placing the cursor over any other desired Lapfile Tab (other than the just selected Reference file) and left clicking.

Now, look again at the min, max and average data located below the track map on the Lap Zoom Runlog page. The above action should activate the comparison between Lap 1 and Lap 3.

There is no set method for selecting Reference / Main files. It is at the users' discretion to determine which files will receive the Reference and Main settings. Either selection can be assigned to any open file, by using the above instructions. The only item that must be remembered is to always select the Reference file first, then the Main file second.

While it is not necessary to select Main and Reference settings to graph and view data, it is necessary to perform the above actions in order to compare data in the Runlog pages.
**Graph Scaling Explained**

Racepak technicians assign each channel a default minimum and maximum graph scaling value. As shown, GPS_MPH is set to graph data between 0 and 200 MPH.

When testing/racing at various locations, different values are obtained. For example, the MPH obtained on a one mile track would be slower than the MPH obtained on a two mile track. If the MPH scaling was set to graph between 0-100 MPH, but 150 MPH was obtained during the run, the MPH trace would go off the top of the graph, thus the importance of graph scaling.

Let’s take a moment to discuss graph scaling. The visual rise and fall of graphed data is determined by the scaling values. To provide a graphic example, look at the following two graphs. Both are the same GPS_LatGs data, but with different scaling values.

![Graph A](image1)

Scaling: -10 to 10

![Graph B](image2)

Scaling: -1.5 to 1.5

Upon first glance, the data appears to be totally different channels. What appear to be small changes in GPS_LatGs in **Graph A** suddenly become quite large and detailed changes in **Graph B**. To improve performance using data acquisition, it is important to keep scaling values close to the minimum and maximum values of the channel. It is very important to insure the same scaling values, for the same channels are in place. If the above two channels with different scaling values were overlaid, the user could easily interpret the data in an incorrect manner. Remember, the above data is the same channel from the same lap, but with different scaling values.
Graph Scaling Values Changed per Channel

The DataLink II program provides two methods to change graph scaling. The first method will change the scaling for one channel within one file.

To change individual channel scaling:

1. Place the mouse cursor over the desired Channel Button and right click the mouse button. For this example, we selected GPS_MPH.

2. The Edit Dialog Box for that channel will be displayed.

3. To set the graph to display from 0 to 100 MPH, simply enter the minimum and maximum values accordingly.

4. Select OK
**Chart Scaling Sets - Universal Scaling Settings**

The preferred method of graph scaling involves the creation of a Chart Scaling Set. A Chart Scaling Set is universal, in that it has the ability to override all current scaling values. The Chart Scaling Set applies the values to all selected channels, for all files, until removed by the user.

1. Select Settings, then Select Chart Scaling Set from the Main Menu selection. The following dialog box will be displayed.

2. Enter the name you wish to call the new scaling set into the text entry box located directly below the Select Name heading. For the purpose of our example, we will use the name “New Scaling”.

3. Enter the name of the channel and the minimum and maximum graph values to be displayed. For this example we will rescale the GPS_MPH data channel to graph from 0 to 100 MPH. The data will be entered as shown below.

4. Select the **Insert** button to accept the rescaling values. The dialog box will appear as shown below:

5. Enter the remaining data channels to be rescaled in the same manner.

6. When you are finished, select the **OK** button.

To load a Graph Scaling set for use:

1. Select Settings, then Select Graph Scaling Set from the main menu selection.
2. Select the name of the desired scaling file to use by positioning the mouse cursor over the name of the Scaling Set and click the left mouse button, the select the **OK** button.

**NOTE:** Channel names must be entered exactly as they appear on the Channel Button.
Creating Graph Sets for Display - Quick Graphs

Previously, we graphed data by placing the mouse cursor over the desired data channel and left clicking. Often times, users will find the need to graph the same set of channels, each time data is reviewed. It is possible to “build” graph sets that when selected, will automatically graph the desired channels. These files are called Quick Graphs. To create a Quickgraph:

1. Erase all graphs by double clicking the Clear All Graphs icon.
2. Graph the desired channels, in the desired colors.

At this time, we have pre-set the channels and colors we wish to save as a Quick Graph. To name and save the Quick Graph:

1. Select the Quick Graph icon in the DataLink toolbar.
2. Enter a name for the Quick Graph. For this example, we used GPS_MPH.
3. Next, click on the Save button to save for later use.

We have now created and saved a Quick Graph. To recall a graph set for use:

1. Double click the Clear all Graphs icon in order to remove all graphed data from the Main Graph area.
2. Select the Quick Graph icon in the DataLink II toolbar.
3. Select the desired Quick Graph name.
4. Select the Load button.

The graphed data should automatically load, into the Main Graph area.
How to Determine the Currently Graphed and Active Channel

When graphing and reviewing multiple channels, the location of the mouse cursor in the Main Graph area is indicated by an X. The X represents the channel that the mouse cursor will follow, when moving left and right in the Main Graph area. As previously discussed, the Channel Buttons display the current values for each channel, according to the cursor position in the Main Graph area.

To determine which channel the X is following, simple look at the Channel Grid Display, found at the top, right corner of the Main Graph area. In addition to noting the current active channel, the Channel Grid Display can also provide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>G2XDemo_L4</th>
<th>GPS_MPH</th>
<th>85.79</th>
<th>88.59</th>
<th>54.51</th>
<th>122.43</th>
<th>99.0207</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>grid channel</td>
<td>val</td>
<td>avg</td>
<td>min</td>
<td>max</td>
<td>avg time</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Val: The current channel value, according to cursor position in the Main Graph Area

2. Avg: The average value for the active channel. This is determined by averaging the values for the channel as displayed in the entire Main Graph area.

3. Min: The minimum value obtain, over the entire Main Graph area

4. Max: The maximum value obtained, over the entire Main Graph area

5. Avg Time: The average time period for the entire Main Graph area or as determined by placing average cursors in the Main Graph area.

To move (toggle) the mouse cursor to the next graphed channel:

1. Place the mouse cursor over the Channel Grid Display.

2. Left click the mouse button. This action will update the Main Graph scaling to reflect the next graphed channel shown in the Channel Grid Display. Continue left clicking to toggle through all graphed channels. The TAB key on the keyboard will also perform the same function.
Averaging Data Using the Averaging Cursor Action

The DataLink II software will automatically calculate average channel data, according to the beginning and ending data displayed in the Main Graph area. There are times however, that a detailed look at data in a particular area is desired. This can be accomplished by placing Averaging Cursors within the Main Graph area.

With this action, the DataLink II software will provide minimum, maximum and average values for data only between the Averaging Cursors. To perform this action:

1. Move the graph cursor to the desired starting point and press the [ key on the keyboard. A vertical bar will be displayed on the graph.

2. Move the graph cursor to the desired ending point and press the ] key on the keyboard. A second vertical bar will be displayed on the graph.

The Channel Grid Display will now be updated to show the current, average, minimum and maximum values between the two Averaging cursors. To view the average values of other graphed channels simply press the Tab key or move the mouse cursor over the Channel Grid Button and click the left mouse button as described above.

To remove the averaging cursors from the display simply press the [ key and then the ] key without moving the graph cursor. The Averaging Cursors will be removed.
Graphing Data from an Entire Run

There are occasions when it is necessary to review all of the data created during one test outing on the track (Runfile). Data from a Runfile may be graphed the same as data from a Lapfile.

Often times, changes that occur are often easier to detect when reviewing the entire Runfile, as opposed to reviewing only one lap of information.

To graph Runfile data:

1. Double click the Clear all Graphs icon in order to remove all graphed data from the Main Graph area.

2. Left click over the desired Runfile tab.

3. Graphed the desired channel.

4. Left click the Autoscale icon, located in DataLink II icon list.

5. The screen should appear as below.

As can be seen, the entire GPS_MPH, from start of logging until end of logging, can now be reviewed.
**Zoom Command**

The Main Graph area as previously described displays an entire lap on the display screen. In many instances you may wish to zoom in on a particular area for a detailed analysis. Two methods are available.

The first method is to create a zoom box using the right mouse button. To do so:

1. Determine the desired zoom area of the Main Graph.

2. Place the mouse cursor in the upper right corner of the desired zoom area.

3. Hold down the right mouse button and drag the zoom box over the desired zoom area. Release the right mouse button.

4. Time / distance or data channel scaling is zoomed according to what portion of the graph is included in the zoom box.

The second method is as follows:

1. Place the mouse cursor at the center of the graph region to be zoomed.

2. Left click the Zoom In icon or the Zoom Out icon in the vertical toolbar. The graph region will zoom in or out accordingly.

Once you have zoomed in on a section of data, you may also want to shift either to the left or right to view additional data without changing the current zoom settings.

1. Click on the Shift Left or the Shift Right icon in the RacePak Chart data toolbar to move the displayed graph region left or right.

To reset the main Graph region back to displaying an entire lap, click on the User Scale button in the Datalink II data toolbar.

At this time, we have covered the basic instructions concerning the installation, programming, on track usage and downloading and graphing of data.
**Viewing Real Time Data (Telemetry) on your PC**

Data from your data logger can be displayed and recorded real time on your PC computer using the DataLink II program. A telemetry session is regarded much the same as a data file from an on-track run. The user will be presented with many of the same procedures that are utilized when downloading on-track data from the Compact Flash memory card.

Telemetry is accomplished by connecting the Communication Serial cable to your PC, via a serial port or USB / Serial port adapter and the opposite end to the logger. Before you can view the data, however, you must first setup the real time parameters in your data logger. To setup your data logger’s real time Configuration, open your Configuration file and right click on the IQ3 Logger channel button. Click on the Dash Info tab. At the top of the dialog box will be a Real – Time Telemetry Section as shown below.

### Setting up the Logger Real Time Telemetry Parameters

This section will contain two lists. The list on the left-hand side of the telemetry section will include all of the data channels currently being monitored by your data logger. The list on the right-hand side of the telemetry sections includes all those channels that will be displayed during a real time telemetry session. To add a channel to the telemetry list:

1. Highlight the name of the channel in the left-hand list and click on the right arrow button to add the selected channel to the real-time channel list.
2. To remove a channel from the real-time channel list highlight the name of the channel in the right hand list and click on the left arrow button. Remember that only channels in the right hand list will be displayed during a real time telemetry session.
3. Use the All button to select all of the channels for telemetry. Select All to remove all of the channels from the telemetry list.
4. Next select the Real Time Sample Rate from the options list in the lower left-hand corner of the dialog box and select the desired real time sample rate.
Note: The V_Net Sample rate of each of the modules to be monitored should be equal to or greater than the real time sample rate. If they are not, the last data points will be repeated during the sample process. Next select the Real Time Communications Port option and type in the name of the serial communications port on your PC you will be using to receive the real time data from the V_Net system. Normally this is the same as the default Logger Com Port set in the initial software installation. Typically, this is COM 1.

After you have edited the options use the Send Configuration button to transmit the setup data to your data logger. Next select OK to exit the edit box. When you have completed the edit, save the Configuration file by clicking the Save icon in the toolbar or selecting the Save menu item located in the File main menu selection

**Entering the DataLink Telemetry Parameters**

The final step in setting up the real time telemetry session is to set the DataLink II real time recording parameters. These parameters are set by selecting the Recording Parameter menu item found in the Telemetry main menu selection. The following dialog box will be displayed.

![Telemetering Parameters](image)

The first parameter Circular Buffer Length is used to set the amount of data to record in seconds. The Recording Mode is used to determine whether the recording will stop when the maximum record time is reached or whether the oldest data will be overwritten. For example if a Circular Buffer Length of 1000 seconds is entered and stop after reaching the end of buffer is selected, the program will record data for 1000 seconds and stop. If continue until stopped manually - overwrite oldest data is selected the program will continuously record until stopped by the operator. Only the last 1000 seconds of data will be stored.
Starting a Telemetry Session

The next step is to start a telemetry session. Select the Telemetry icon or the New Telem. Session menu item located in the File main menu election. A dialog box, as shown below will be displayed and you will then be asked to select the Configuration file to use for this session.

Select your configuration file. A dialog box will then be displayed to allow you to enter the session information (the same as when downloading run data). Enter the appropriate year, track, race type, and race sequence information as shown below. The system will enter the date and time.

If you need help in completing the dialog box, select the Help icon located in the upper left-hand corner of the dialog box.

Select Next. Additional dialog boxes may be displayed. These are part of the Runlog sections that are user programmable to allow test information to be entered during the download process. Complete the information as appropriate.
The File Save dialog box will then be displayed. Select the Cancel button. Typically, there is no need to save a telemetry file. A new file tab with the channel data will be opened. Your real time data session is now ready.

Next, insure the serial communication cable is connected between the data logger and the serial port on your PC selected above and power is supplied to the logger. The real time session is controlled via two icons located above the context sensitive help icon in the left side tool bar. Only one icon will be active at a time depending on the status of the telemetry session. The Start Data Acquisition icon is shown active on the left. The Stop Data Acquisition icon is shown active on the right.

![Start Data Acquisition - Green Light](image1.png) ![Stop Data Acquisition - Red Light](image2.png)

To start the real time data acquisition, left click on the Start Data Acquisition Icon at the bottom of the tool bar. The data acquisition will start at time 0. Once the real time data acquisition has been started the value of the data channels will be displayed next to the channel button in the top portion of the display area. To display the data from a channel on the graphics screen simply select the channel by left clicking on the channel button in the same manner you display data from a recorded file.

To stop the data acquisition left click on the Stop Data Acquisition icon located at the bottom of the tool bar. The real time data acquisition session will be suspended.

If you wish to continue the real time data acquisition simply click on the Start Data Acquisition icon. The telemetry session will restart at the same point it was suspended. If you wish to restart the session from the beginning select Erase from the Telemetry main menu. All previously recorded data will be erased from the file.

If you wish to save the data, stop the data acquisition and click the Save icon located in the tool bar or select Save located in the File main menu.
Troubleshooting and FAQ

The IQ3 is designed to provide trouble free performance. At times, problems could be encountered that may affect data. We have attempted to provide answers for some of the most common questions and problems.

**No Data Obtained During Run**

Data is written to the SD card when the start logging channel value is exceeded. The default setting is GPS MPH greater than 25 MPH. If there is no GPS data or is a problem with the channel used to start logging, no data is written to the card. Insure the GPS cable is connected or has not been damaged due to side window or door closing on the cable. Insure the GPS antenna is mounted on the roof or top of the vehicle. Insure the SD card is not removed, until 30 seconds following the stopping of the vehicle. Insure at least three satellites are acquired, before starting the run. If a different channel has been selected to start logging, insure it is functioning correctly.

**The Word “CARD” Always Appears in the Center of the IQ3 Display.**

This indicates that there is a problem with the microSD card. The most common causes are that the card is missing or not inserted correctly, the card is full or the card is damaged.

**DataLink will not communicate with the IQ3 when using the serial cable.**

Verify the correct COM port of the user’s PC is selected. To perform this procedure:

- A. Connect the serial cable between the IQ3 and your PC or USB to Serial Adaptor.
- B. Turn on the power to the IQ3 and wait 5 seconds
- C. From the menu bar, select Settings and Scan COM Ports.
- D. If DataLink cannot find your IQ3 on any of the COM ports and you are using a USB to Serial Adaptor, insure that you have properly installed the device driver that was supplied with your USB to Serial Adaptor by the manufacturer.
Does GPS Always Work?
While GPS produces excellent data, no system is perfect. If the data logger is unable to acquire at least three satellites, data will not be useable. There are conditions that can affect signal reception.
1. Driving through a tunnel or any location that will hide or shroud the GPS signals.
2. Driving through an extensive row of trees, or other natural or manmade objects that might shroud signal reception for an extensive period of time.
3. Natural or manmade obstructions, such as walls, signs, etc.

Will Rain Affect the GPS Signal?
We have not encountered an affect from rain, in our on track testing and usage. Again, there could be some type of severe conditions that could affect the GPS signals.

Can I Acquire Elevation?
If the IQ3 has acquired 4 satellites, elevation is available.

Does the Loss and Gain of Satellites Affect the Data?
No, as long as the GPS satellites remain at 3 or above, the DataLink II software compensates for signal change.

Speed Accuracy?
In typical usage, the speed accuracy is approximately .50 MPH / .1 KMH. This number represents the upper end of the accuracy statistic and would have no effect on data review. In reality, how many drivers can detect a change of ½ mph, in high performance driving situations?

Lap time Accuracy?
In multi-year testing of IQ3 vs. trackside beacon lap times, a maximum variance .05 has been noted. GPS based lap times are dependant only upon vehicle location, and can not be affected by sunlight, signal blockage from other vehicles, power loss to the transmitter, or other problems associated with trackside transmitters.

GPS Data Does Not Start Until Later in the Run
If the vehicle is not outside and stationary before a run, the GPS system will have difficulty locating the position of the vehicle. If the vehicle is moving before locking onto at least three satellites, it will take a longer period of time into the run, before GPS data is gathered. Always insure at least three satellites are located, before moving the vehicle.
**Track Mapping Accuracy?**

GPS created track maps are created from vehicle position. The characteristics of GPS signals are such that the vehicle position accuracy is relative to the period of time the vehicle is in motion. For example, during an on track period of 10-15 minutes, the true vehicle distance could vary a distance of less than 12". Over a period of hours, the worst case scenario for vehicle location to vary is 9 feet. However, the Racepak software is capable of providing corrections to the data, in order to bring the accuracy within acceptable limits. GPS track mapping is capable of producing accurate track maps from courses that combine highly bank and extremely flat areas (such as the road course at Daytona) without the typical problems associated with inertia based mapping.

**Can I install a larger Memory Card?**

Yes. Up to 2GB can be utilized.

**How can I email a Runfile or Trackmap?**

Runfiles are contained in the following directory:
\RacepakData\IQ3\Year\Track
Track maps are contained in the following directory:
\RacepakData\GPSMaps

Runfiles and track maps may be emailed the same as any other email attachment, such as photos, Word documents, etc. It is suggested to first ZIP the files before attaching to the outgoing email. Emailed Runfiles and track maps should be placed in the same directory from which they were obtained by the recipient.

**Should multiple users comparing data from the same track, use different track maps?**

No, if multiple IQ3 users are at the same track and desire to compare data, it is best for one user to create the map, and share between all users. This assures the ability to accurately compare segment times.

**Lap times displayed on the dash vs. lap times from the track map?**

In terms of accuracy, nothing. The point to remember is the setting of start / finish using the display dash is the same as passing a beacon transmitter, on the racetrack. However, when a track map is created, it is still necessary to located the start / finish area in the Datalink II Create GPS Map Runlog page. The main advantage of setting start / finish with the dash is the ability to instantly receive lap time data from the display dash, along with viewing lap times in the Datalink II software. In addition, it makes it possible to graph the Lapmarker channel, in the Datalink II software. The Lapmarker channel will display a vertical mark, each time the vehicle passes the start / finish area, in graphed data.
I cannot set Start Finish with the dash?
After the Set SF message is brought up on the display, attempt to set the start finish point within less than 1 minute. Best results are obtained by setting within 30 seconds.

I lose satellites when I start to accelerate on the track?
This is typically related to ignition interference. If the GPS data works at idle and driving slowly but is lost when the car accelerates, review the routing of the antenna cable. Typically, when the engine accelerates and the GPS antenna cable is routed near ignition components, the GPS data can be knocked offline by the electrical interference. Reroute the cable to insure no interference.

My data appears incorrect after downloading?
Insure the data logger is given time to complete the writing process to the memory card, before turning power off to the logger. This can affect data.

Vnet Sensor Channels “Flat Line” during portions of the run
If a Vnet channel is subjected to excessive electrical interference, the channel will shut down for a period of time, then re-set and start logging again. Insure none of the Vnet modules or cables are against or in the immediate area of ignition system components.

Vnet Sensor Channels disappear from Channel Button area
Insure no part of the Vnet system was disconnected while the data logger was powered on. If this occurs, it will be necessary to connect the user PC to the data logger and “Read” the system. If the system fails to see the modules, the channels are assumed to not exist and data will not be gathered.

Graphed data drops to the bottom of the graph, during a run.
Check battery voltage. Low battery voltage can affect all channels. If the data logger is not receiving at least 10 Volts, all data will be affected.

Excessive noise on graphed channels
Again, electronic interference can create spikes in graphed data. Refer to the above.
Conclusion

We hope this manual has proved helpful to your entry into the usage of a Racepak data system. While the knowledge gained from our data system will provide beneficial to any race team, it is the desire to commit the time and effort to learning how to utilize the system that will prove most beneficial.

As with any endeavor, the work invested in properly learning the usage of the system will pay dividends in the data the system will return. There are a variety of books available, concerning the data analysis. Take time to locate the books and spend time learning the art of data analysis.

Two data books we recommend are:
Competition Car Data Systems by Simon McBeath
Data Power by Buddy Fey

Most teams have discovered that once a data system is installed, the ability to produce effective test data without a system is nearly impossible. The gains in all forms of motorsports within the previous fifteen years can be directly attributed to the growing usage of data acquisition.

As always, if there are any questions concerning any aspect of the system, please feel free to contact the Racepak support personnel at 949-709-5555.

Thank you,

Racepak Data Systems